

# Mopsa at the Software Verification Competition

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# Introduction

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# Conservative static program analysis

average.py

```
1 def average(l):
2     m = 0
3     for i in range(len(l)):
4         m = m + l[i]
5         m = m // (i + 1)
6     return s
7
8 r1 = average([1, 2, 3])
9 r2 = average(['a', 'b', 'c'])
```

TypeError: unsupported operand type(s) for '+': 'int' and 'str'

argslen.c

```
1 #include <string.h>
2
3 int main(int argc, char *argv[]) {
4     int i = 0;
5     for (char **p = argv; *p; p++) {
6         strlen(*p); // valid string
7         i++; // no overflow
8     }
9     return 0;
10 }
```

No alarm

## Specifications of the analyzer

**Inference** of program properties such as the absence of run-time errors.

**Semantic** based on a formal modelization of the language.

**Automatic** no expert knowledge required.

**Sound** covers all possible executions.

### Well-established & industrialized analysis of static programming languages

- ▶ C: Polyspace (1999), Astrée (2003), Frama-C (2008)
- ▶ Java: Julia (2010)
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- ▶ Multiple languages?

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## What about

- ▶ Multiple languages?
- ▶ Common abstractions?
- ▶ Precision and configurability?

# Outline

- 1 Introduction
- 2 Mopsa
- 3 SV-Comp
- 4 Mopsa at SV-Comp
- 5 Conclusion



Mopsa

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## Modular Open Platform for Static Analysis<sup>1</sup>

[gitlab.com/mopsa/mopsa-analyzer](https://gitlab.com/mopsa/mopsa-analyzer)

### Goals

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### Contributors

- ▶ Antoine Miné
- ▶ Abdelraouf Ouadjaout
- ▶ Raphaël Monat
- ▶ *David Delmas*
- ▶ *Guillaume Bau*
- ▶ *Milla Valnet*
- ▶ Matthieu Journault

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Semantic property

Runtime error  
detection



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## Work in progress

Analysis for recursive ADTs,  
presented at JFLAs last  
week by Milla Valnet.

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SV-Comp

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- ▶ Initially for model checkers

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- ▶ Data race

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ReachSafety	6282	1267
MemSafety	6280	86
ConcurrencySafety	2370	127
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Termination	3324	901
SoftwareSystems	5825	6655

Subcategories in SoftwareSystems

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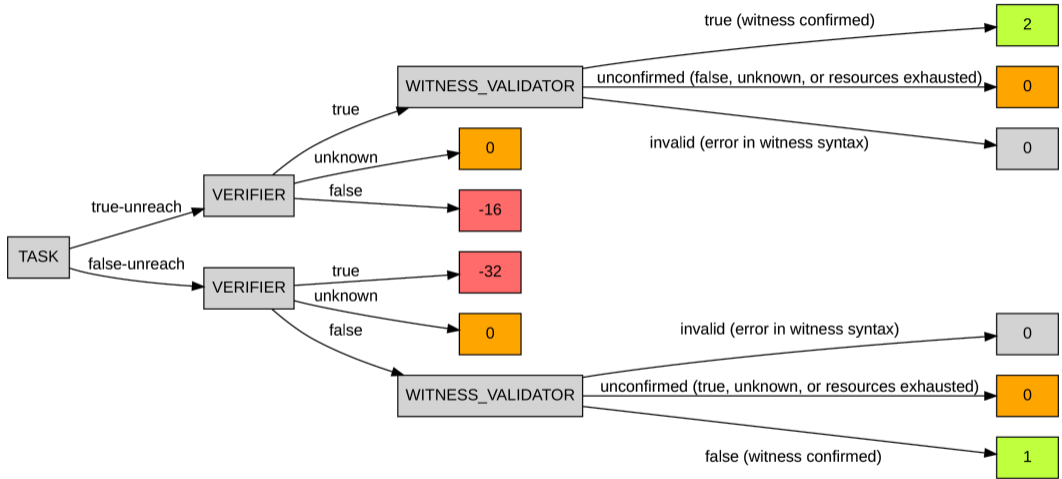
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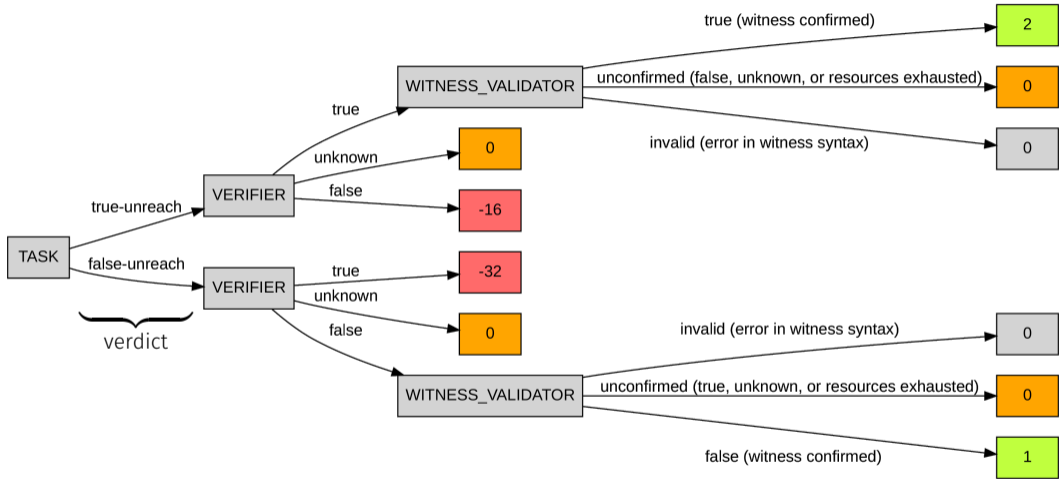
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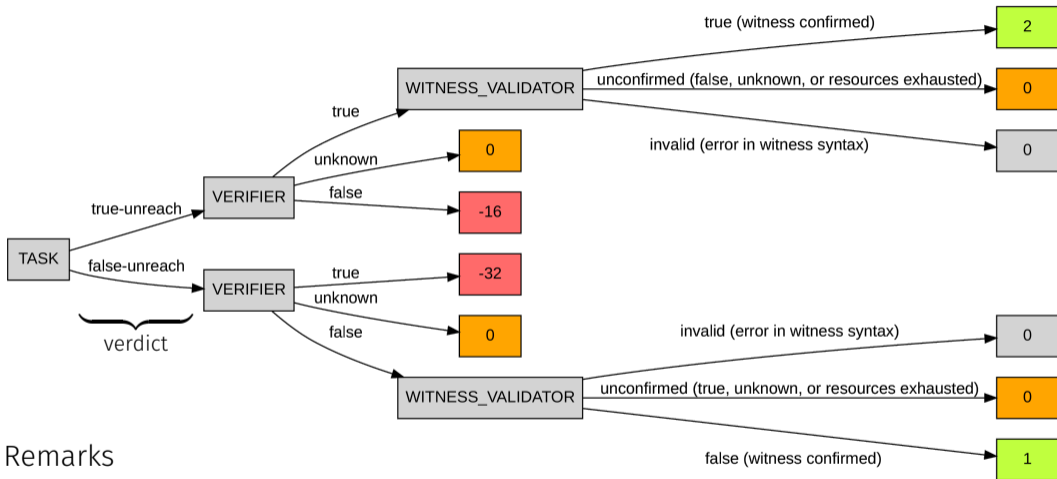
# SV-Comp's Scoring System



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## Remarks

- ▶ community-based curation of verdicts
- ▶ 187 manual fixes on my end

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Scoring incentive for balanced results among subcategories.

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You may have a high raw score but not so good overall score.

## Motivation

- ▶ Ensure that results can be validated, at a reduced computational cost

<sup>5</sup>Saan. Witness Generation for Data-flow Analysis. 2020.

<sup>6</sup>Beyer, Dangl, Dietsch, Heizmann, Lemberger, and Tautschnig. "Verification Witnesses". 2022.

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# SV-Comp's "Witnesses"

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Automata where edges contain program invariants and control choices

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- ▶ Cross-validator scores can be low<sup>6</sup> – 45%
- ▶ 96.4% of Mopsa's trivial witnesses are validated

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# Adapting Mopsa to SV-Comp's Framework

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- ▶ New analyses restart from scratch

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1	5695	279
2	6433 (+738)	365 (+86)
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21220 tasks in total, 12636 correctness tasks

# Portfolio of analyses used

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Mopsa validates 54% of correct tasks (61% for overall winner, UAutomizer).

<https://sv-comp.sosy-lab.org/2023/results/>

## Mopsa's Results

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### Reachability

Mopsa scores a bit below Goblint.<sup>7</sup>

Might be a bad configuration choice?

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Mopsa is the only abstract interpreter participating in this category.

## Overflow

Ranks 6th/19, before Frama-C and Goblint.

Mopsa is on par with the winner for the number of programs proved correct!

<sup>7</sup>other active abstract interpreter

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Proved correct	291	<b>1,651</b>	1,256	1,610	942	1,423
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Mopsa ranks second on raw scores.

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## Conclusion

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### Some SV-Comp related research questions

- ▶ Best configuration to analyze a given program under resource constraints
- ▶ Synergy with symbolic execution tools

# Mopsa at the Software Verification Competition

Raphaël Monat

SyCoMoRES team

rmonat.fr